## Screw limit switches. XRBA and XR2 ranges Overtravel limit switches. XF9 range

## Catalogue



Simply easy!

## Screw limit switches

 Overtravel limit switches
## Screw limit switches. XRBA and XR2 ranges

Selection guide ..... pages 2 and 3

- Screw limit switches for standard duty, XRBA
$\square$ Presentation ..... page 4
$\square$ Characteristics ..... page 5
$\square$ References ..... page 6
$\square$ Order form ..... page 7
$\square$ Screw limit switch selection example ..... page 8
$\square$ Dimensions ..... page 18
- Screw limit switches for heavy duty, XR2
$\square$ Presentation ..... page 10
$\square$ Characteristics ..... page 11
$\square$ References ..... page 13
$\square$ Dimensions ..... page 18
- Differential drive units
$\square$ Presentation ..... page 17
$\square$ References ..... page 17
$\square$ Dimensions and mounting ..... page 19
Overtravel limit switches. XF9 range
- Overtravel limit switches for power cicuits
$\square$ Presentation ..... page 20
$\square$ Characteristics ..... page 21
$\square$ References ..... page 22
$\square$ Dimensions ..... page 23

Selection guide
Screw limit switches XRBA and XR2 ranges

## Applications

Standard duty $\sim$ or - -. $($ Ithe $=10 \mathrm{~A})$


10 A

## Single-pole C/O, snap action

For 1 revolution of cams: 13/1, 17/1, 46/1, 60/1, 78/1, 210/1, 274/1 or 960/1
-

## IEC/EN 60947-5-1

XRBA4: IP 55 conforming to IEC/EN 60529, IP 557 conforming to NF C 20-010 XRBA6: IP 55 conforming to IEC/EN 60529, IP 555 conforming to NF C 20-010

1 tapped entry for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 9$ cable gland Clamping capacity 5 to 8 mm 1 tapped entry for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 16$ cable gland Clamping capacity 10 to 14 mm

> Stainless steel input drive shaft
> Aluminium alloy body housing
> XRBA4: aluminium alloy cover

XRBA6: polyphenylene oxide cover


## 6

Heavy duty ~or - .- $($ Ithe $=10 \mathrm{~A})$


$$
3,4,6,10,14,20,24 \text { or } 28
$$

## 10 A

## Single-pole C/O, snap action

For 6 turns of threaded shaft: 0.4/6, 0.8/6, 1.6/6, 3/6, 6/6, 10/6, 20/6, 40/6, 80/6, 150/6, $300 / 6,560 / 6$ or $1100 / 6$


## IEC/EN 60947-5-1

IP 54 conforming to IEC/EN 60529

2 tapped entries for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 13$ cable gland Clamping capacity 9 to 12 mm

## Aluminium alloy body housing, insulated cover

## XR2AA

13

Heavy duty $\sim$ or $-=($ Ithe $=10 \mathrm{~A})$

$3,4,6,10,14,20,24$ or 28

10 A

Single-pole C/O, snap action

For 6 turns of threaded shaft: $0.4 / 6,0.8 / 6,1.6 / 6,3 / 6,6 / 6,10 / 6,20 / 6,40 / 6$, 80/6, 150/6, 300/6, 560/6 or 1100/6


## IEC/EN 60947-5-

IP 54 conforming to IEC/EN 60529

## Removable gland plate

## Sheet steel enclosure

## XR2AB

## 13

Heavy duty ~or $\overline{-\infty}($ Ithe $=20$ A $)$

$3,5,9,13,19,23$ or 27

20 A

Single-pole N/C or N/O, with snap action mechanism

For 6 turns of threaded shaft: $0.4 / 6,0.8 / 6,1.6 / 6,3 / 6,6 / 6,10 / 6,20 / 6,40 / 6$, 80/6, 150/6, 300/6, 560/6 or 1100/6
$-\quad 2$

## IEC/EN 60947-5-1

IP 54 conforming to IEC/EN 60529

## Removable gland plate

## Sheet steel enclosure

## XR2B

13

## Screw limit switches <br> Standard duty, XRBA range

## Functions

These switches are designed to monitor the movement of an object via an input drive shaft coupled to the actuator. Detection of position is ensured by a system of independently adjustable cams which actuate the electrical contact blocks.

They are usually used for applications where it is either impossible or impractical to mount standard type position sensors that are actuated directly by the moving object

Main applications:
■ position control of moving parts of hoisting or materials handling equipment (winches, travelling cranes, gantries, cranes, rotary excavators, etc.).
■ liquid level control in pumping systems.

## Description



## Operation

The input drive shaft, which is coupled to the machine part being controlled, is normally fitted on the right-hand side. This transmits the movement by means of a worm screw and reduction gear to a set of 4 or 6 independent cams which, in turn, operate the contact blocks.

A choice of 3 cam types $\left(20^{\circ}, 50^{\circ}\right.$ and $\left.80^{\circ}\right)$ enables a wide range of cam arrangements to be achieved.

The cams are easily accessible and individual adjustment of the cams is a simple operation, without risk of affecting the setting of adjacent cams.

As an option, a potentiometer can be fitted in order to provide an analogue output.

## Screw limit switches

## Standard duty, XRBA range

| Environment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conformity to standards |  |  | IEC/EN 60947-5-1 |
| Protective treatment | Standard version |  | "TC" |
|  | Special version |  | "TH" on request |
| Ambient air temperature | For storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+70$ |
|  | For operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70$ |
| Shock resistance |  |  | 80 gn (11 ms) |
| Vibration resistance |  |  | $>5 \mathrm{gn}(10 . . .60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| Degree of protection |  |  | XRBA4••••: IP 55 conforming to IEC/EN 60529, IP 557 conforming to NF C 20-010 XRBA6••••: IP 55 conforming to IEC/EN 60529, IP 555 conforming to NF C 20-010 |
| Materials |  |  | Stainless steel input shaft. Aluminium alloy body housing. Aluminium alloy cover for XRBA4 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ <br> Polyphenylene oxide cover for XRBA6 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ • |
| Cable entry |  |  | 1 tapped entry for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 9$ cable gland (clamping capacity 5 to 8 mm ) and 1 tapped entry for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 16$ cable gland (clamping capacity 10 to 14 mm ) |

## Mechanical characteristics

| Reduction gear ratio For 1 revolution of cams |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Average drive torque $\quad$ At $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | N.cm |
| Maximum speed of input drive shaft | rpm |
| Mechanical durability |  |
| Electrical characteristics of contacts |  |


| $13 / 1,17 / 1,46 / 1,60 / 1,78 / 1,210 / 1,274 / 1$ or $960 / 1$ |
| :--- |
| 5 |
| 1000 |
| $15 \times 10^{6}$ drive shaft revolutions |


| Type of contacts |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rated operational <br> characteristics | Conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1 |$\quad$ A

## Electrical durability

Conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1
Utilisation categories: AC-15 and DC-13
Operating rate: 3600 operating cycles/hour
Load factor: 0.5
a.c. supply $\sim 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$

Power broken in VA for 0.5 million operating cycles

| Voltage (V) | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\Omega m$ | 18 | 35 | 700 | 165 | 220 |
| $\Omega \Omega$ | 65 | 108 | 216 | 450 | 530 |

d.c. supply =-

Power broken in W for 0.5 million operating cycles

| Voltage (V) | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{m}$ | 27 | 39 | 50 | 65 | 67 |
| $\sqrt{~} \Omega$ | 55 | 84 | 110 | 130 | 135 |

## Optional potentiometer characteristics (analogue output)

| Rotation ratio between cams and potentiometer |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum rotation angle of potentiometer |  |
| Potentiometer type |  |


| $1,1.5$ (1.333) or $2(1.933)$ |
| :--- |
| $350^{\circ}$ |
| Type SI, size 15, ball bearing mounted <br> Power: 3 W <br> Withstand voltage: 1500 V <br> Ohmic value: $10000 \Omega$ (other values available on request) |

Screw limit switches
Standard duty, XRBA range


XRBA902


XEPA10801D64


DE9PL116044


XRBZ9••

| Screw limit switches |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Description | Number of <br> contacts | Basic reference, <br> to be completed <br> (1) | Weight |
| Screw limit switches <br> (with bare drive shaft) | 4 | XRBA4•••• | 1.500 |
|  | 6 | XRBA6••••• | 1.350 |


| Separate components and replacement parts |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Sescription | Type | Reference | Weight <br> kg |
| Cams | $20^{\circ}(2)$ | XRBA901 | 0.002 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | XRBA902 | 0.002 |
|  | $80^{\circ}(2)$ | XRBA903 | 0.002 |
|  |  |  |  |



| Chains (12.7 $\mathbf{m m}$ pitch) <br> conforming to standard <br> NF E 26-101, chromium plated, <br> with joining link (3) | $\mathrm{L}=2$ metres | XR2AZ302 | 0.600 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathrm{~L}=5$ metres | XR2AZ305 | 1.500 |
|  |  | XR2AZ310 | 3.000 |


| Potentiometer <br> Type SI, size 15, 3 W | $10000 \Omega$ | XRBZ9100 | 0.060 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Other Ohmic values: please consult our Customer Care |  |  |

(1) For completion of the basic reference, please refer to Order form on page 7.
(2) Average values.
(3) For liquid level control applications, the length of the chain should at least be equal to the difference between the upper and lower liquid levels +0.50 m .
Characteristics: $\quad$ Dimensions:
page 18
page 5

Order form
(specimen suitable for photocopying)

## Screw limit switches

## Standard duty, XRBA range

| Customer | Order $N^{\circ}$ | Selivery date | Sales Office - Subsidiary Co. | ${\text { Order } N^{\circ}}^{\text {Company }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |

To use this order form:
■ State the number of identical screw limit switches required

- Complete the basic reference with the 9 or 11 digits indicating the various switch options
- Mark the required cam arrangement on the drawing below.

For examples showing completion of the basic reference, refer to pages 8 and 9 .

| Number of identical switches | Basic reference, to be completed | Number of contacts | Reduction gear ratio | Drive shaft position | Adaptation for $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ potentiometer | Option cam |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | N ${ }^{1}$ | $\mathrm{N}^{\circ} 2$ | N ${ }^{\circ} 3$ | N ${ }^{4}$ | $N^{\circ} 5$ (1) | $N^{\circ} 6$ (1) |
|  | XRBA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of contacts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switch with 4 contacts |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switch with 6 contacts |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduction gear ratio (for 1 revolution of cams) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13/1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17/1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46/1 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60/1 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 78/1 |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 210/1 |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 274/1 |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 960/1 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drive shaft position |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Right-hand side (standard model) |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Left-hand side |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adaptation for $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ potentiometer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Without adaptation |  |  |  |  | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With adaptation, ratio 1 |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With adaptation, ratio 1.5 (1.333) |  |  |  |  | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With adaptation, ratio 2 (1.933) |  |  |  |  | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Choice of cams (3 different angles, 4 or 6 positions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To select a cam, add 4 digits for XRBA4 switches or 6 digits for XRBA6 switches. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $20^{\circ} \mathrm{cam}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 (1) | 2 (1) |
| $50^{\circ} \mathrm{cam}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 (1) | 5 (1) |
| $80^{\circ} \mathrm{cam}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 (1) | 8 (1) |

## Required cam arrangement

The cam positioned nearest to the Marking guide for cam
plate is considered as cam $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 1$ arrangement diagram Mark the required cam arrangement


(1) Do not add these digits for XRB4 switches (with 4 contacts).

Note: If the above cam arrangement is left blank, the cams will be factory-mounted as standard as shown below:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cam $\mathrm{n}^{\circ}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |
| XRBA4•••• | $20^{\circ}$ | $50^{\circ}$ | $80^{\circ}$ | $20^{\circ}$ | - | - |
| XRBA6•••• | $20^{\circ}$ | $20^{\circ}$ | $50^{\circ}$ | $50^{\circ}$ | $80^{\circ}$ | $80^{\circ}$ |

Example of a standard product: reference XRBA45100 corresponds to a switch with 4 contacts, a reduction gear ratio of 78/1, a right-hand side shaft input and no potentiometer. The cams are positioned in the following order: $20^{\circ}, 50^{\circ}, 80^{\circ}$ and $20^{\circ}$.

## Application: monitoring the movement of a machine part

Example:
Monitoring the movement of a machine part from $A$ to $F(A F=7.5 \mathrm{~m})$ with potentiometer linked display.
Chain sprocket on switch input drive shaft: 16 teeth on 12.7 mm pitch.

| Point A | Stop position, direction $F \rightarrow A$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Point B | Slow-down position, direction $F \rightarrow A$ |
| Points $C$ and D | Specific points |
| Point E | Slow-down position, direction $A \rightarrow F$ |
| Point F | Stop position, direction $A \rightarrow F$ |



Selection of switch and completion of basic reference
■ Number of contacts: 6 positions to monitor, therefore, 6 contacts.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1 }^{\text {st }} \text { digit of reference: } \\
& \frac{7.5}{16 \times 0.0127}=37
\end{aligned}
$$

6
■ Reduction gear ratio: Distance AF $=7.5 \mathrm{~m}$, therefore, number of turns of input drive shaft:

- Select a reduction ratio whereby the number of turns of the input drive shaft is greater than 37

|  | Reduction ratio between <br> number of turns of drive <br> shaft and 1 revolution of <br> cams | Rotation ratio between <br> cams and the <br> potentiometer (actual <br> value) | Maximum rotation of <br> cams for 37 turns of <br> switch input drive shaft | Maximum rotation of <br> potentiometer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ solution | $46 / 1$ | $\frac{360 \times 37}{46}=289^{\circ}$ | $\frac{360 \times 37}{46} \times 1=269^{\circ}$ |  |
| $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ solution | $60 / 1$ | $1.5(1,333)$ | $\frac{360 \times 37}{60}=222^{\circ}$ | $\frac{360 \times 37}{60} \times 1.333=296^{\circ}$ |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ solution | $2(1.933)$ | $\frac{360 \times 37}{78}=171^{\circ}$ | $\frac{360 \times 37}{78} \times 1.933=330^{\circ}$ |  |

Assume the $3^{r d}$ solution is best suited for the application, which offers a wide potentiometer operating angle ( $330^{\circ}$ ) whilst maintaining cam setting flexibility ( $171^{\circ}$ operating angle).

■ Reduction gear ratio: 78/1

- Input drive shaft position: Right-hand side preferred

| $2^{\text {nd }}$ digit of reference: | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3^{3^{\text {rd }}}$ digit of reference: | 1 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ digits of reference: | 33 |

- Adaptation for potentiometer: Value of $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and a ratio of 2
$4^{\text {th }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ digits of reference: 33

| Reference of screw limit switch to be entered on Order form on page 7 | XRBA | 6 | 5 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Selection of cams, marking cam arrangement diagram

- Point A - cam n ${ }^{\circ}$ 1: $20^{\circ}$ cam (stop cam).

■ Point $\mathbf{B}$ - cam $n^{\circ}$ 2: The selection of cam $n^{\circ} 2$ is determined by the distance $B A(0.90 \mathrm{~m})$, giving: A $20^{\circ}$ cam could be used, but a $50^{\circ}$ cam is more suitable in order to ensure an overlap with the $\frac{171^{\circ} \times 0.90}{7.5} \approx 20^{\circ}$
stop cam.

- Points $C$ and $D$ - cams $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 3$ and 4: The distance $C D=4.30 \mathrm{~m}$, giving:

2 overlapping cams are required, for example: cam $n^{\circ} 3=50^{\circ}, \quad \frac{171^{\circ} \times 4.30}{7.5} \approx 98^{\circ}$
cam $n^{\circ} 4=80^{\circ}$.

- Point E-cam $n^{\circ} 5$ : The selection of cam $n^{\circ} 5$ is determined by the distance $E F(0.9 \mathrm{~m})$, giving:
$A 50^{\circ}$ cam is therefore selected, for the same reasons as the cam for point $B$.

$$
\frac{171^{\circ} \times 0.90}{7.5} \approx 20^{\circ}
$$

■ Point F - cam $\mathrm{n}^{\circ}$ 6: $20^{\circ}$ cam (stop cam).


Specific application: liquid level control (1)
Selection guide table for reduction ratio between number of turns of switch input drive shaft and 1 revolution of the cams and chain sprocket size to be fitted to switch input drive shaft.

| Change in level Screw limit switches without potentiometer |  |  |  | Screw limit switches with potentiometer |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| to be controlled (in metres) | Reduction gear ratio | Chain sprocket Number of teeth ( 12.7 mm pitch) | Cam rotation angle | Reduction gear ratio | Chain sprocket Number of teeth ( 12.7 mm pitch) | Adaptation for potentiometer Ratio | Cam rotation angle | Potentiometer rotation angle |
| 0.5 | 13/1 | 12 | $91^{\circ}$ | 13/1 | 12 | 2 | $91^{\circ}$ | $182^{\circ}$ |
| 1 | 13/1 | 12 | $182^{\circ}$ | 13/1 | 14 | 2 | $156^{\circ}$ | $312^{\circ}$ |
| 1.5 | 13/1 | 12 | $273^{\circ}$ | 13/1 | 14 | 1.5 | $233^{\circ}$ | $350^{\circ}$ |
| 2 | 13/1 | 14 | $311^{\circ}$ | 17/1 | 16 | 1.5 | $208{ }^{\circ}$ | $312^{\circ}$ |
| 2.5 | 17/1 | 12 | $347^{\circ}$ | 46/1 | 12 | 2 | $128^{\circ}$ | $256{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 3 | 17/1 | 16 | $313^{\circ}$ | 46/1 | 12 | 2 | $154{ }^{\circ}$ | $308^{\circ}$ |
| 3.5 | 46/1 | 12 | $180^{\circ}$ | 46/1 | 14 | 2 | $154{ }^{\circ}$ | $308^{\circ}$ |
| 4 | 46/1 | 12 | $205^{\circ}$ | 46/1 | 16 | 2 | $154{ }^{\circ}$ | $308^{\circ}$ |
| 4.5 | 46/1 | 12 | $231^{\circ}$ | 46/1 | 12 | 1.5 | $231^{\circ}$ | $347^{\circ}$ |
| 5 | 46/1 | 12 | $257^{\circ}$ | 60/1 | 14 | 2 | $169^{\circ}$ | $338{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 5.5 | 46/1 | 12 | $282^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 12 | 2 | $167^{\circ}$ | $334{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 6 | 46/1 | 12 | $308^{\circ}$ | 60/1 | 14 | 1.5 | $202^{\circ}$ | $303^{\circ}$ |
| 6.5 | 46/1 | 12 | $334^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 14 | 2 | $169^{\circ}$ | $339^{\circ}$ |
| 7 | 46/1 | 14 | $308^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 2 | $159^{\circ}$ | $318^{\circ}$ |
| 7.5 | 60/1 | 12 | $295^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 12 | 1.5 | $227^{\circ}$ | $341^{\circ}$ |
| 8 | 60/1 | 12 | $315^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 14 | 1.5 | $208{ }^{\circ}$ | $312^{\circ}$ |
| 8.5 | 60/1 | 12 | $335^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 14 | 1.5 | $221^{\circ}$ | $331{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 9 | 46/1 | 16 | $347^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 1.5 | $204{ }^{\circ}$ | $306{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 9.5 | 60/1 | 14 | $321^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 1.5 | $216^{\circ}$ | $324{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 10 | 60/1 | 14 | $337^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 1.5 | $227^{\circ}$ | $341^{\circ}$ |
| 10.5 | 78/1 | 12 | $318^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 12 | 1 | $318^{\circ}$ | $318^{\circ}$ |
| 11 | 78/1 | 12 | $333^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 12 | 1 | $333^{\circ}$ | $333^{\circ}$ |
| 11.5 | 78/1 | 12 | $348^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 12 | 1 | $348^{\circ}$ | $348^{\circ}$ |
| 12 | 78/1 | 14 | $311^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 14 | 1 | $311^{\circ}$ | $311^{\circ}$ |
| 12.5 | 78/1 | 14 | $324^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 14 | 1 | $324^{\circ}$ | $324^{\circ}$ |
| 13 | 78/1 | 14 | $337^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 14 | 1 | $337^{\circ}$ | $337^{\circ}$ |
| 13.5 | 78/1 | 16 | $307^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 1 | $307^{\circ}$ | $307^{\circ}$ |
| 14 | 78/1 | 16 | $318^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 1 | $318^{\circ}$ | $318^{\circ}$ |
| 14.5 | 78/1 | 16 | $329^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 1 | $329^{\circ}$ | $329^{\circ}$ |
| 15 | 78/1 | 16 | $341^{\circ}$ | 78/1 | 16 | 1 | $341^{\circ}$ | $341^{\circ}$ |

Example: Controlling a change in liquid level of 5.30 m

## Selection of reduction gear ratio

From the above table, select the value immediately superior to 5.30 m , i.e. 5.50 m
■ Case $\mathrm{n}^{\circ}$ 1: without potentiometer. Recommended solution:
$\square$ Reduction gear ratio: 46/1, chain sprocket with 12 teeth on $12.7 \mathrm{~mm}(0.0127 \mathrm{~m})$ pitch.
$\square$ Cam rotation angle:
using above table: $\frac{282 \times 5.30}{5.50}=272^{\circ}$ or, by calculation: $\frac{\frac{5.30}{12 \times 0.0127} \times 360}{46}=272^{\circ}$
$\square$ Completion of basic switch reference: $\quad 2^{\text {nd }}$ digit of reference: 3
$4^{\text {th }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ digits of reference: 00
■ Case $n^{\circ}$ 2: with potentiometer. Recommended solution:
$\square$ Reduction gear ratio: 78/1, chain sprocket with 12 teeth on $12.7 \mathrm{~mm}(0.0127 \mathrm{~m})$ pitch.
$\square$ Ratio of potentiometer adaptation: 2
$\square$ Cam rotation angle:
$\square$ Cam rotation angle:
using above table: $\frac{167 \times 5.30}{5.50}=161^{\circ} \quad$ or, by calculation: $\frac{\frac{5.30}{12 \times 0.0127} \times 360}{78}=161^{\circ}$
$\square$ Potentiometer rotation angle:
using above table: $\frac{334 \times 5.30}{5.50}=322^{\circ} \quad$ or, by calculation: $2 \times\left(\frac{\frac{5.30}{12 \times 0.0127} \times 360}{78}\right)=322^{\circ}$
$\square$ Completion of basic switch reference:

$$
2^{\text {nd }} \text { digit of reference: } 5
$$

$4^{\text {th }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ digits of reference: 33
( $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ potentiometer)

[^0]
## Screw limit switches

Heavy duty, XR2 range

## Functions

These switches are designed to monitor the movement of an object via an input drive shaft coupled to the actuator. Detection of position is ensured by a system of adjustable fingers which actuate the electrical contact blocks.

They are usually used for applications where it is either impossible or impractical to mount standard type position sensors that are actuated directly by the moving object

Main applications:
■ position control of moving parts of hoisting or materials handling equipment
(winches, travelling cranes, gantries, cranes, rotary excavators, etc.),
■ liquid level control in pumping systems.

## Description

1 Input drive shaft, with facilities for attaching chain sprocket.


2 2-pinion primary gearbox, with choice of reduction ratio.
3 Internally threaded shaft, driven via gearbox, fitted with adjustable fingers which actuate the electrical contact blocks
4 Fixed lead screw, along which threaded shaft travels.
5 Snap action contact blocks, actuated by fingers.

## Operation

Due to the variable composition 2-pinion primary gearbox, multiple choices of reduction ratio between the input drive shaft and the threaded shaft, which operates the finger actuators, are possible.

The finger actuators, clamped to the rotating threaded shaft, describe a helical path and operate the contacts as and when they are engaged along its length of travel ( 6 turns maximum).

To avoid damage at the end of travel of the threaded shaft, a clutch is incorporated in the drive mechanism (patented feature).

## Screw limit switches

Heavy duty, XR2 range

| Environment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conformity to standards |  |  | IEC/EN 60947-5-1 |
| Protective treatment | Standard version |  | "TC" |
|  | Special version |  | "TH" on request |
| Ambient air temperature | For storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+70$ |
|  | For operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -25... 70 |
| Shock resistance |  |  | 50 gn (11 ms) |
| Vibration resistance |  |  | $>5 \mathrm{gn}(10 \ldots 55 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| Degree of protection |  |  | IP 54 conforming to IEC/EN 60529 |
| Materials |  |  | XR2AA: Aluminium alloy body housing, insulated cover XR2AB and XR2BB: Sheet steel enclosure |
| Cable entry |  |  | XR2AA: 2 tapped entries for $n^{\circ} 13$ cable gland (clamping capacity 9 to 12 mm ) <br> XR2AB and XR2BB: Removable gland plate |
| Mechanical characteristics |  |  |  |
| Maximum number of turns of threaded shaft |  |  | 6 |
| Threaded shaft screw pitch |  | mm | 4 |
| Operating finger radius |  | mm | 40 |
| Length of developed helical travel |  | mm | 4 |
| Contact actuators differential snap-over angle (measured at finger) |  |  | $30^{\circ}$ |
| Tripping point repeat accuracy |  |  | $0.02 \%$ between 2 successive operations |
| Number of turns of input drive shaft |  |  | For 6 turns of threaded shaft: $0.4,0.8,1.6,3,6,10,20,40$ or 80 |
| Mechanical durability |  |  | $10 \times 10^{6}$ drive shaft revolutions |
| Electrical characteristics of contacts |  |  |  |
| Type of contacts |  |  | XR2A: single-pole C/O, snap action <br> XR2B: single-pole N/C or N/O, with snap action mechanism |
| Rated operational characteristics |  |  | $\sim \mathrm{AC}-15$, A300 ( $\mathrm{Ue}=240 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=3 \mathrm{~A}$ ), =- DC-13, Q300 ( $\mathrm{Ue}=250 \mathrm{~V}$, le $=0.27 \mathrm{~A}$ ), conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1 |
| Conventional thermal current |  | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XR2A: } \text { Ithe }=10 \\ & \text { XR2B: Ithe }=20 \end{aligned}$ |
| Rated insulation voltage |  | V | $\mathrm{Ui}=500$, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-1 $\mathrm{Ui}=-\mathrm{-}$ 600, conforming to CSAC 22-2 $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 14$ |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage |  | kV | Uimp $=6$, conforming to IEC/EN 60947-1 |
| Resistance across terminals |  | mW | $\leqslant 25$ |
| Short-circuit protection |  |  | XR2A: 10 A cartridge fuse type gG XR2B: 20 A cartridge fuse type gG |
| Connection |  |  | Screw clamp terminals. <br> Clamping capacity: $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ with or without cable end, $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ without cable end |

## Electrical durability

Conforming to IEC/EN 60947-5-1
Utilisation categories: AC-15 and DC-13
Operating rate: 3600 operating cycles/hour
Load factor: 0.5

|  |  |  | a.c. supply $\sim 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Power broken in VA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Voltage (V) | 12 | 24 | 48 | 127 | 220 | 380 | 500 |
| For 3 million operating cycles | XR2A | mm | 100 | 200 | 400 | 700 | 750 | 800 | 800 |
|  |  | , | 100 | 220 | 480 | 1050 | 1150 | 1150 | 1200 |
|  | XR2B | mm | 240 | 450 | 800 | 1300 | 1500 | 1500 | 1500 |
|  |  | $\sqrt{\text { Jr }}$ | 240 | 450 | 800 | 1900 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 |
| For 10 million operating cycles | XR2A | sm | 45 | 75 | 120 | 180 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
|  |  | ป几r | 70 | 120 | 180 | 270 | 290 | 300 | 300 |
|  | XR2B | mm | 220 | 350 | 450 | 500 | 500 | 520 | 520 |
|  |  | $\sqrt{\Pi}$ | 220 | 440 | 600 | 740 | 750 | 750 | 750 |

d.c. supply --

Power broken in W

| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 100 | 120 | 110 | 95 | 80 | 45 |
| 100 | 140 | 130 | 110 | 95 | 65 |
| 135 | 115 | 105 | 95 | 90 | 85 |
| 220 | 450 | 400 | 330 | 280 | 240 |
| 45 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 20 | 7.5 |
| 100 | 90 | 85 | 80 | 60 | 33 |
| 55 | 45 | 38 | 35 | 32 | 30 |
| 220 | 450 | 400 | 330 | 280 | 240 |



Primary gearbox arrangement (for references of the gearbox only, see page 14)

(1) Code required to complete the basic reference of the screw limit switch.
(2) For ratios greater than 80 turns, please consult our Customer Care Centre.

## Average drive torque



1 Clutch torque (at front mechanical stop/end of travel)
2 Nominal torque required to drive switch
3 Torque required to operate 1 contact
4 Torque required to operate 2 contacts simultaneously
5 Torque required to operate 3 contacts simultaneously
6 Torque required to operate 4 contacts simultaneously
7 Torque required to operate 6 contacts simultaneously
8 Torque required to operate 8 contacts simultaneously
9 Clutch torque (at rear mechanical stop/end of travel)


XR2AAO3K••


XR2AB06K••


XR2BB03K••

| Switches with C/O contacts (lthe = 10 A) (ZC1ZB211) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Presentation | Drive shaft end fittings | Number of contacts | Basic reference, to be completed by adding primary gearbox code (1) | Weight kg |
| Aluminium alloy body housing, plastic cover | Sprocket key and washer (2) | 3 | XR2AA03K.0 | 6.000 |
| Sheet steel enclosure | Sprocket key and washer (2) | 4 | XR2AB04K•• | 10.000 |
|  |  | 6 | XR2AB06K•• | 12.000 |
|  |  | 10 | XR2AB10K•• | 15.000 |
|  |  | 14 | XR2AB14K•• | 18.000 |
|  |  | 20 | XR2AB20K•• | 23.000 |
|  |  | 24 | XR2AB24K.0 | 28.000 |
|  |  | 28 | XR2AB28K•• | 35.000 |


| Switches with N/C contacts (lthe = 20 A) (ZC4CB2) (3) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Presentation | Drive shaft end fittings | Number of contacts | Reference (1) | Weight kg |
| Sheet steel enclosure | Sprocket key and washer (2) | 3 | XR2BB03K.0 | 10.000 |
|  |  | 5 | XR2BB05K•• | 12.000 |
|  |  | 9 | XR2BB09K•• | 15.000 |
|  |  | 13 | XR2BB13K•ө | 18.000 |
|  |  | 19 | XR2BB19K•• | 23.000 |
|  |  | 23 | XR2BB23K•• | 28.000 |
|  |  | 27 | XR2BB27K•• | 35.000 |

(1) Code corresponding to the required primary gearbox, selected according to number of turns of the switch input drive shaft.
See page 12.
Example: for a screw limit switch with $3 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ contacts and a theoretical number of input shaft turns " $K$ " $=0.4$, the reference becomes: $\operatorname{XR2AAO3K04}$
(2) Switches supplied without input drive shaft chain sprocket. For suitable sprockets and chains, see page 14.
(3) For switches fitted with N/O contacts, please consult your Regional Sales Office.

## Screw limit switches

Heavy duty, XR2 range


| Separate components and replacement parts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Type |  | Reference | Weight kg |
| Chain sprockets, 12.7 mm pitch, for switch input drive shaft | Flat sprocket with fixing hub | 12 teeth | XR2AZ212 | 0.180 |
|  |  | 16 teeth | XR2AZ216 | 0.200 |
|  |  | 24 teeth | XR2AZ224 | 0.230 |
|  |  | 36 teeth | XR2AZ236 | 0.450 |
|  |  | 48 teeth | XR2AZ248 | 0.770 |
|  |  | 56 teeth | XR2AZ256 | 1.130 |
| Operating finger |  |  | XR2AZ001 | 0.030 |
| Contact blocks with snap-over actuator | C/O (for XR2A) |  | ZC1ZB211 | 0.120 |
|  | N/C (for XR2B) |  | ZC4CB2 | 0.140 |
| Chains ( 12.7 mm pitch) conforming to standard NF E 26-101, chromium plated, with joining link (1) | $\mathrm{L}=2$ metres |  | XR2AZ302 | 0.600 |
|  | L= 5 metres |  | XR2AZ305 | 1.500 |
|  | $\mathrm{L}=10$ metres |  | XR2AZ310 | 3.000 |
| Replacement primary gearbox kit comprising: <br> - casing with input drive shaft (fitted with sprocket key, washer and screw) <br> - steel pinions | Single-stage | K04 | XR2AZ804 | 1.520 |
|  |  | K08 | XR2AZ808 | 1.520 |
|  |  | K16 | XR2AZ816 | 1.520 |
|  |  | K3 | XR2AZ83 | 1.470 |
|  |  | K6 | XR2AZ86 | 1.470 |
|  |  | K10 | XR2AZ810 | 1.470 |
|  |  | K20 | XR2AZ820 | 1.520 |
|  |  | K40 | XR2AZ840 | 1.470 |
|  |  | K80 | XR2AZ880 | 1.520 |

(1) For liquid level control applications, the length of the chain should at least be equal to the difference between the upper and lower liquid levels +0.50 m .

| Characteristics: | Dimensions: |
| :--- | :--- |
| pages 11 and 12 | page 19 |

## Screw limit switches

Winch shaft chain sprockets, conforming to standard NF E 23-111,
12.7 mm pitch


XR2AZ3•••5


XR2AZ4•••5


XR2AZ52450

| Monobloc sprockets with through hub |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of teeth | øE | ØA (bore Ø in mm) |  | Reference | Weight kg |
|  |  | 0... 25 | 26... 35 |  |  |
|  |  | ØВ | ØВ |  |  |
| 12 | 57 | 50 | - | XR2AZ31225 | 0.386 |
| 16 | 73 | 50 | 55 | XR2AZ31625 | 0.424 |
| 24 | 105 | 50 | - | XR2AZ32425 | 0.632 |
|  |  | - | 55 | XR2AZ32435 | 0.500 |
| 48 | 202 | 50 | 55 | XR2AZ34825 | 1.000 |


| Monobloc sprockets with keyed through hub |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of teeth | øE | ØA (bore Ø in mm) |  | Reference | Masse kg |
|  |  | 0... 25 | 26... 35 |  |  |
|  |  | ØВ | ØВ |  |  |
| 16 | 73 | 50 | 55 | XR2AZ41625 | 0.421 |
| 24 | 105 | 50 | - | XR2AZ42425 | 0.580 |
|  |  | - | 55 | XR2AZ42435 | 0.600 |
| 36 | 153 | 50 | 55 | XR2AZ43625 | 0.750 |

Split sprockets with through hub

| Number of teeth | ØE | L | ØA (bore Ø in mm) | Reference | Masse kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 21... 50 |  |  |
|  |  |  | øВ |  |  |
| 24 | 105 | 64.5 | 80 | XR2AZ52450 |  |

## Screw limit switches

Accessories for liquid level control using float (1)


XL1DB0111

| Accessories |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Type | Material | Reference | Weight kg |
| Ballast float, Ø 270 mm for change in level less than 4.50 m | Without guide lugs | Stainless steel | XL1DB0111 | 5.900 |


| Counterweights | For $\varnothing$ <br> float | XR2AZ002 | 2.540 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| For $\varnothing$ <br> float | XR2AZ003 | mm | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Pulley assembly | - | - | XL1DB04 | 1.050 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Cable, $\varnothing \mathbf{~ 3 7 ~ m m , ~}$ | - | Stainless | XL1DB05 | 0.250 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| length 6 6 (with attachment <br> clamp) |  |  |  |  |

(1) For mounting example, see page 19.

## Screw limit switches

Differential drive units


## Functions

This unit enables the monitoring of any speed difference between 2 movements which, under normal circumstances, should be identical. Any difference in speed is transmitted to an XR2 screw limit switch which, in turn, re-establishes correct operation.

Main applications:
■ Controlling movement of grabs on cranes and travelling cranes.
■ Liquid level control in decantation tanks.
■ Monitoring relative difference between 2 moving parts.

## Operation

The difference in rotational speeds of shafts M 1 and M 2 , which are connected to motors or capstans, is transferred to a set of internal pinions which, in turn, control the rotation of shaft $S$ which is connected to one or more screw limit switches.

## Relationship between rotational directions

If the rotation of shafts M1 and M2 is synchronised, shaft S does not turn.
If the rotation of shafts M1 and M2 is out of synchronisation, shaft $S$ turns.
This relationship is indicated either by white arrows or black arrows (each shaft having 2 possible directions of rotation).
The rotational direction of shaft $S$ is indicated by the arrow on shaft $S$ immediately below the arrow on shaft M which represents the highest rotational speed (see figures 1 and 2).

## M1 = M2: S does not turn <br> M1 = M2: S turns

## Note

In both cases, the rotational speed ratio between shafts M and S is $2 / 1$. It is important to know the maximum number of turns or differential travel that the screw limit switch must control (if necessary, both sides of its initial setting).

## References

The differential units are supplied with "bare shafts" fitted with keyed discs, ready for the attachment of numerous types of coupling. They are dust and damp-proof and the internal mechanism is maintenance free. All 3 shafts are steel and are needle roller bearing mounted. A set of duplicate cast steel pinions ensure the accuracy of the differential. The cover is both glued and screwed to the housing.

| Description | Type | Reference | Weight <br> $\mathbf{k g}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Differential units | For input shafts turning in <br> the same direction | ZR2FA1 | 6.510 |
|  | For input shafts turning in <br> opposing directions | ZR2FA2 | 6.510 |
| Flexible coupling | ZR2FA005 | 0.120 |  |
| Winch shaft chain sprockets |  | See page 15 | - |

Screw limit switches

## XRBA4••••

## XRBA6••••


(1) 1 tapped entry for $n^{\circ} 9$ cable gland.
(2) 4 tapped fixing holes for M5 screws, depth 20
(2) 4 tapped fixing holes for M5 screws, depth 20
(3) 1 tapped entry for $n^{\circ} 16$ cable gland.
(3) 1 tapped entry for $n^{\circ} 16$ cable gland.

## XR2AA $\bullet 00 \bullet$ with chain sprocket XR2AZ20• fitted


(1) 2 elongated fixing holes $\varnothing 9 \times 11$.
(2) Alternative fixings: $2 x$ M8 threaded holes on same axis as cable glands.
(3) 2 tapped entries for $n^{\circ} 13$ cable gland.
(4) $\varnothing E$ of chain sprocket $\boldsymbol{X R 2 A Z 2 \bullet \bullet ~ ( s e e ~ n e x t ~ p a g e ) . ~}$
(5) Bore Ø of chain sprocket XR2AZ2••: $\varnothing$ 16, $2 \times 5$ keyway.
(6) +125 mm for removal of cover.

XR2AB•••••, XR2BB $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$ with chain sprocket XR2AZ2•• fitted

(1) 4 elongated fixing holes $\varnothing 9 \times 11$.
(2) Removable plate for connections or for mounting cable glands.
(3) $\varnothing E$ of chain sprocket XR2AZ2•• (see next page).
(4) Bore $\varnothing$ of chain sprocket $X R 2 A Z 2 \bullet \bullet: ~ \varnothing 16,2 \times 5$ keyway.

| Reference | Number of <br> contacts | c | c1 | G |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XR2AB04K $\bullet$ | 4 | 200 | 310 | 100 |
| XR2AB06K $\bullet$ | 6 | 260 | 370 | 160 |
| XR2AB10K $\bullet$ | 10 | 440 | 550 | 340 |
| XR2AB14K $\bullet$ | 14 | 560 | 670 | 460 |
| XR2AB20K $\bullet$ | 20 | 800 | 910 | 700 |
| XR2AB24K $\bullet$ | 24 | 980 | 1090 | 880 |
| XR2AB28K $\bullet$ | 28 | 1100 | 1210 | 1000 |


| Reference | Number of <br> contacts | c | c1 | G |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XR2BB03K•• | 3 | 200 | 310 | 100 |
| XR2BB05K•• | 5 | 260 | 370 | 160 |
| XR2BB09K•• | 9 | 440 | 550 | 340 |
| XR2BB13K•• | 13 | 560 | 670 | 460 |
| XR2BB19K•• | 19 | 800 | 910 | 700 |
| XR2BB23K•• | 23 | 980 | 1090 | 800 |
| XR2BB27K•• | 27 | 1100 | 1210 | 1000 |

Dimensions, mounting
mounting

## Screw limit switches

Chain sprockets (1) for switch input drive shaft XR2AZ2••


| Reference | Number of teeth | $\boldsymbol{\varnothing} \mathbf{E}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XR2AZ212 | 12 | 57 |
| $\mathbf{X R 2 A Z 2 1 6 ~}$ | 16 | 73 |
| XR2AZ224 | 24 | 105 |
| XR2AZ236 | 36 | 153 |
| XR2AZ248 | 48 | 202 |
| XR2AZ256 | 56 | 234 |

(1) Chain pitch: 12.7 mm .
(2) Keyway: $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Differential units ZR2FA•

(1) Removable circlips.
(2) 2 elongated fixing holes $\varnothing 9 \times 11$ for $\varnothing 8$ screws.

## Application: liquid level control

Mounting details using an XR2•B $\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$ screw limit switch


|  | a | a1 | b | b1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Change in liquid level up to 4.5 m <br> (using XL1DB01•1 and XR2AZ002) | 270 | 60 | 200 | 160 |
| Change in liquid level greater than 4.5 m 350 <br> (using XL1DB02•1 and XR2AZ003) | 148 | 245 | 110 |  |

## (1) Guide rods.

(2) Guide rod lugs.
(3) Pulley, internal $\varnothing 65 \mathrm{~mm}$.

## Functions

The overtravel limit switches for power circuit switching are specifically designed to ensure the safety of hoisting equipment.

They directly break the power supply to the hoist motor if the load being handled accidentally exceeds the operating limits of the equipment.

Their mechanism is designed to ensure breakage of the power supply in the event of a malfunction and therefore, an overtravel limit switch cannot be used in place of an end of travel limit switch. It must only be used as a back-up device in the event of failure of the latter, or any other component forming part of an automated control circuit monitoring for excessive overtravel.

## Description

XF9D••๑ overtravel limit switches are housed in an aluminium alloy case.
XF9F•e७ overtravel limit switches are housed in a sheet steel enclosure.

They are equipped with power contacts from Schneider Electric contactors.

## Operation

## Mounting and operating precautions

It is recommended that the overtravel limit switch be connected as near as possible to the motor, in order to minimise the risk of shunting.

The switch must be positioned in such a manner so as to avoid any damage in the event of the load exceeding the end of travel limits.

In order to ensure positive operation, the operating lever of the overtravel limit switch must be actuated directly by the moving part being monitored. It is essential that the use of any flexible or deformable intermediate actuators be avoided.

## Manual reset switches - resetting after tripping

- Before resetting the overtravel limit switch ensure that the cause of its tripping is located and rectified.
- Rotate and hold lever up against end stop.
- Simultaneously press the reset button (XF9D), using accessory included with switch, or operate the reset lever (XF9F) and turn the control station switch away from the trip position.
- Rotate lever back to its initial position.

| Characteristics: | References: | Dimensions: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| page 21 | page 22 | page 23 |

## Overtravel limit switches

## For power circuits, XF9 range

| Environment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overtravel limit switch type |  |  | XF9D251 | XF9D651 | XF9F1151 <br> XF9F1152 | XF9F1851 <br> XF9F1852 | \| XF9F2651 XF9F2652 |
| Conformity to standards |  |  | IEC 60158-1, NF C 63-110, VDE 0660, IEC 60947-1, IEC 60947-4 |  |  |  |  |
| Product certification | 3-phase |  | CSA |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{HP} \\ & 40 \mathrm{~A}, 600 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{HP} \\ & 80 \mathrm{~A}, 600 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{HP} \\ & 175 \mathrm{~A}, 600 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \mathrm{HP} 40 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & 200 \mathrm{~A}, 600 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \mathrm{HP} \\ & 428 \mathrm{~A}, 600 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Single-phase, 2-pole |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{HP} \\ & 40 \mathrm{~A}, 230 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{HP} \\ & 80 \mathrm{~A}, 230 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - |
| Protective treatment | Standard version |  | "TC" |  |  |  |  |
|  | Special version |  | "TH" on request |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient air temperature | For storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | For operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25 \ldots+70$ |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection $\begin{array}{l}\text { Conforming to } \\ \text { IEC/EN } 60529\end{array}$ |  |  | IP 54 |  | IP 43 |  |  |
| Housing |  |  | Aluminium alloy case |  | Sheet steel enclosure |  |  |
| Cable entry |  |  | 2 tapped entries for $n^{\circ} 21$ cable gland | 3 tapped entries for $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 29$ cable gland | 2 entries incorporating $\mathrm{n}^{\circ} 36$ plastic cable gland |  |  |
| Contact block characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of poles |  |  | 4 |  | 3 |  |  |
| Rated operational current (le) | For 2-pole scheme | A | 50 | 130 | - | - | - |
|  | For 3-pole scheme on AC-3 | A | 25 | 65 | 115 | 185 | 265 |
| Conventional thermal current (Ithe) at $\theta \leqslant 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | For 2-pole scheme | A | 80 | 160 | - | - | - |
|  | For 3-pole scheme | A | 40 | 80 | 200 | 275 | 350 |
| Rated insulation voltage (Ui) | Conforming to IEC 60158-1, IEC 947-4, VDE 0110 Group C | V | 500 |  | 660 |  |  |
|  | Conforming to CSA 22-2 n ${ }^{\circ} 14$ | V | 600 |  |  |  |  |
| Rated breaking capacity (I rms) | Conforming to  <br> IEC 60158-1  <br> For 2-pole scheme  <br> F  <br>   | A | 400 | 1000 | 1100 | 1600 | 2200 |
|  |  | A | 180 | 630 | 900 | 1200 | 1750 |
| Connection Min./max. cable <br> Flexible wiring, c.s.a. without cable end <br> Flexible wiring, with cable end <br> Solid wiring, without cable end | 1 conductor | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | 1.5/10 | 2.5/25 | - | - | - |
|  | 2 conductors | mm ${ }^{2}$ | 1.5/6 | 2.5/16 | - | - | - |
|  | 1 conductor | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | 1/6 | 2.5/16 | - | - | - |
|  | 2 conductors | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | 1/4 | 2.5/6 | - | - | - |
|  | 1 conductor | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | 1.5/6 | 2.5/25 | - | - | - |
|  | 2 conductors | mm ${ }^{2}$ | 1.5/6 | 4/16 | - | - | - |
|  | 1 conductor | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | - | - | 95 | 150 | 240 |
|  | 2 conductors | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | - | - | 95 | 150 | 240 |


| Presentation: | References: | Dimensions: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| page 20 | page 22 | page 23 |


|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Presentation: | Characteristics: | Dimensions: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| page 20 | page 21 | page 23 |

Overtravel limit switches
For power circuits, XF9 range

Dimensions
XF9D251

(1) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 6 \times 8.5$ (removable fixing lugs)
(2) 6 mm square rod, length 200 (can be mounted at $90^{\circ}$ ).
(3) 2 tapped entries for $n^{\circ} 21$ cable gland.
$13^{\circ}=$ contact actuation, $75^{\circ}=$ maximum travel.

## XF9F•••1 <br> Manual resetting


(1) 2 entries incorporating $n^{\circ} 36$ plastic cable gland.
(2) 4 holes $\varnothing 8.5$ to be drilled by user (for attaching fixing lugs to enclosure base).

## XF9D651


(1) 2 elongated holes $\varnothing 6 \times 8.5$ (removable fixing lugs).
(2) 6 mm square rod, length 200 (can be mounted at $90^{\circ}$ ).
(3) 3 plain entries for $n^{\circ} 29$ cable gland.
$13^{\circ}=$ contact actuation, $75^{\circ}=$ maximum travel.
XF9F•••2
Automatic resetting

(1) 2 entries incorporating $n^{\circ} 36$ plastic cable gland.
(2) 4 holes $\varnothing 8.5$ to be drilled by user (for attaching fixing lugs to enclosure base).

| Presentation: | Characteristics: | References: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| page 20 | page 21 | page 22 |

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[^0]:    (1) Accessories for liquid level control: see page 16.

